



AUTUMN 1

AUTUMN 2



SPRING 2





GENERAL THEMES

NB: THESE THEMES MAY

BE ADAPTED AT VARIOUS

POINTS TO ALLOW FOR

CHILDREN'S INTERESTS TO

FLOW THROUGH THE

PROVISION

WELL-BEING & BEHAVIOUR FOR

JEARNING

ONCE UPON A TIME...

Starting school / my new class
/ New Beginnings
My family / PSED focus
What am I good at?
How do I make others feel?
Being kind / staying safe
Traditional Tales
Harvest
Familiar tales
Make a bridge
Castles

INTO THE WOODS!

Plants & Flowers
Woodland Animals
Weather / seasons
Does the moon shine?
Night and day animals
Forest School
Planting seeds
Make a sculpture: Andy
Goldsworthy
The Nativity
At the Panto
Letters to Father Christmas

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

Around the Town
How do I get there?
Where in the world have
you been?
Where do we live in the UK
/ world?
Animals from around the
world
Habitats and Adaptation

Animal patterns

OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!

Significant individuals
Biographies
How do we grow?
What will I be when I grow
up?
Space travel
Explorers
Careers
Resilience

GROWING AND CHANGING!

Life cycles
Animals around the world
Climates / Hibernation
Down on the Farm
Mini Beasts
Patterns in nature
Great Fire of London
How do we grow?
What will I be when I grow
up?

I CAN TELL A STORY!

Story Telling
Map making
Compass Skills
Perspective
Telling stories using maps
Independent writing
What is your story?
Autobiographies

POSSIBLE TEXTS

AND 'OLD FAVOURITES' The Colour Monster
Nursery Rhymes
The 3 Little Pigs
The Gingerbread Man
The Runaway Chapati
Jack and The Beanstalk
Little Red Riding Hood
Magic Porridge Pot
Princess and the Pea
The Kiss that Missed

Moon
The Gruffalo
Owl Babies
I Want My Hat Back
Wow! Said the Owl
Leaf Man
Tree
A stroll through the seasons

Brown Bear! Brown Bear!
Polar Bear
Blue Whale
Elmer
Snail & the Whale
Dear Zoo
The Ugly 5
The Great Race

Handa's Surprise

Pirates Love Underpants
Whatever Next!
Going on a Bear Hunt
How to Catch a Star
Armstrong
Look Up
Maybe the Moon
Laika the Space Dog

Perseverance

The very Hungry Caterpillar Tadpole's Promise Snail Trail Bee and Me Superworm Tad Bee It's not a stick
It's not a box
Petra
Chalk
The Day the Crayon's Quit
Write an Autobigoraphy

'WOW' MOMENTS / ENRICHMENT IDEAS

Autumn Trail
Balanceability
Harvest Time
Birthdays
Favourite Songs
Roald Dahl Day
Visit the Duckpond
Make a cup of Tea
Make Porridge
Castle Visit

Guy Fawkes / Bonfire Night Christmas Time/ Nativity Diwali

Hannukah Remembrance day Children in Need Outdoor Learning Week Campfire Bake Bread

Visit the Post Office

Weather Centre
Chinese New Year
LENT
Story Telling Week
Internet Safety Day
Nature Scavenger Hunt
Our Amazing Animals Visit
Let's go on Safari - An
animal a day/virtual zoo

Museum trip
Planting seeds
Easter time
Nature Scavenger Hunt
Mother's Day
Eater Egg Hunt
Plantarium
Let's fly - Role play and
Green Screen

Ducklings
Butterflies
Food tasting – different
cultures
Start of Ramadan
Eid
Great Fire of London Show

Synagogue Visit Parent Readers World Environment Day Ice – Cream at the park Balanceability



AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
TERRIFIC TALES!	Come Outside!	TICKET TO RIDE!	WE COULD BE HEROES!	Amazing Animals!	FUN BY THE SEA!



GENERAL THEMES

Characteristics of Effective Learning

Playing and exploring: - Children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'. Children who actively participate in their own play develop a larger store of information and experiences to draw on which positively supports their learning

Active learning: - Children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties. They are proud of their own achievements. For children to develop into self-regulating, lifelong learners they are required to take ownership, accept challenges and learn persistence.

Creating and thinking critically: - Children develop their own ideas and make links between these ideas. They think flexibly and rationally, drawing on previous experiences which help them to solve problems and reach conclusions.

Unique Child: Every child is unique and has the potential to be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured.

Positive Relationships: Children flourish with warm, strong & positive partnerships between all staff and parents/carers. This promotes independence across the EYFS curriculum. Children and practitioners are NOT alone – embrace each community.

Enabling environments: Children learn and develop well in safe and secure environments where routines are established and where adults respond to their individual needs and passions and help them to build upon their learning over time.

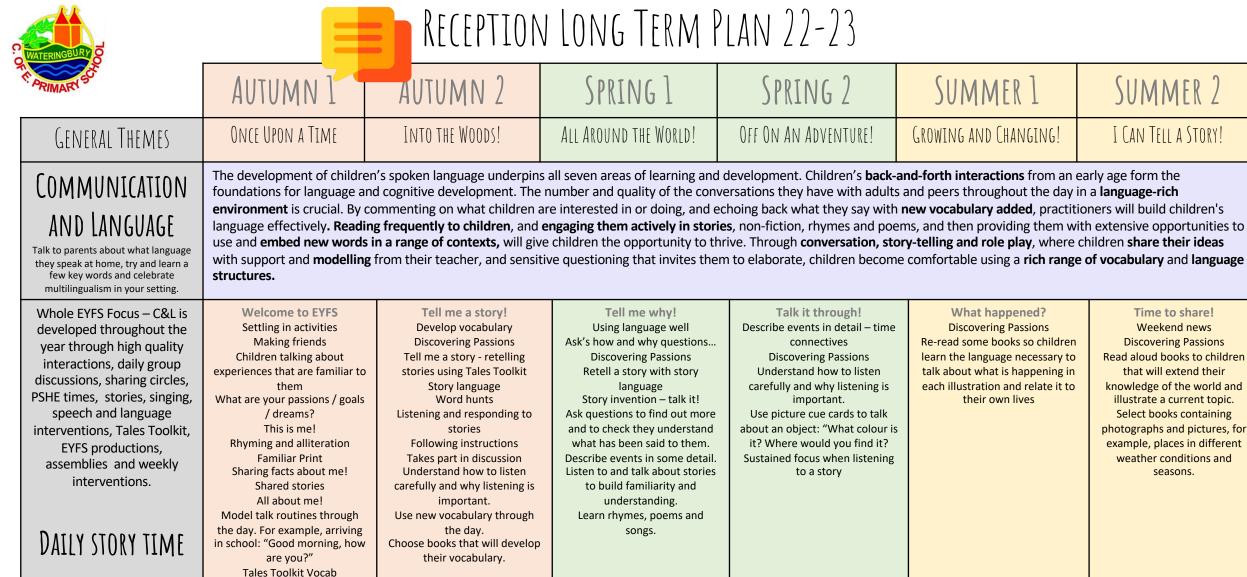
Learning and Development: Children develop and learn at different rates (not in different ways as it stated 2017). We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.



PLAY: At Wateringbury School, we understand that children learn best when they are absorbed, interested and active. We understand that active learning involves other children, adults, objects, ideas, stimuli and events that aim to engage and involve children for sustained periods. We believe that Early Years education should be as practical as possible and therefore, we are proud that our EYFS setting has an underlying ethos of 'Learning through play. PLAY is essential for children's development across all areas. Play builds on children's confidence as they learn to explore, to relate to others around them and develop relationships, set their own goals and solve problems.

We will ensure that all children learn and develop well and are kept healthy and safe at ALL times.

LEARNING, GROWING, ACHIEVING ... OUR JOURNEY TOGETHER WITH GOD



3-4 Years

sounds in words - /p/, /b/, /m/, /n/, /t/,

or the /t/ or /d/ sound

Speech may be unclear to adults who

The child is able to say the following

/d/, /k/, /g/, /f/, /s/, /y/, /h/

don't know the child well

SPEECH DEVELOPMENT

We understand that children will make progress at different times. There is no right time... they will progress when they are ready.

4-5 Years

The child is able to say the following sounds in words -/p/, /b/, /m/, /n/, /t/, /d/, /k/, /g/, /f/, /s/, /h/, 'sh', 'ch', 'j', /z/, /l/, /v/

De-affrication- This is where the affricate sounds 'sh', 'ch' and 'j' are replaced with fricative sounds ('sh', /s/, /z/ or ??')

Gliding- This is where the /l/ and the /r/ sounds are replaced with the /w/ or the 'y' sound

The voiceless 'th' sound (as in 'thank you') is replaced with a /f/ sound

The voiced 'th' sound (as in 'with') is replaced with a /v/ sound

5-6 Years

Speech should be mostly clear and easy to understand, but some immaturities may

Gliding- This is where the /l/ and the /r/ sounds are replaced with the /w/ or the $^{\prime}\text{V}^{\prime}$

The voiceless 'th' sound (as in 'thank you') is replaced with a /f/ sound

The voiced 'th' sound (as in 'with') is replaced with a /v/ sound

still be noted(e.g. with 'r' and 'th' sounds) WATCH FOR:

		RECEPTION	LONG TERM PL	AN 22-23			
WATERINGBURY O	AUTUMN 1	Autumn 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
GENERAL THEMES	ONCE UPON A TIME	INTO THE WOODS!	ALL AROUND THE WORLD!	OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!	GROWING AND CHANGING!	I CAN TELL A STORY!	
PERSONAL, SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT	Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives , and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world . Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others . Children should be supported to manage emotions , develop a positive sense of self , set themselves simple goals , have confidence in their own abilities , to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies , including healthy eating , and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life .						
MANAGING SELF SELF - REGULATION	BEING ME IN MY WORLD New Beginnings See themselves as a valuable individual. Class Rule Rules and Routines Supporting children to build relationships Dreams and Goals Oral Hygiene	CELEBRATING DIFFERENCE Good to be me Feelings Learning about qualities and differences Celebrating differences Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and emotionally. Encourage them to think about their own feelings and those of others by giving examples of how others might feel.	DREAMS AND GOALS Looking after others Friendships Dreams and Goals Show resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Discuss why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves and so on.	RELATIONSHIPS What makes a good friend? Getting on and falling out. How to deal with anger Emotions Self - Confidence Build constructive and respectful relationships. Ask children to explain to others how they thought about a problem or an emotion and how they dealt with it.	HEALTHY ME Healthy eating Oral hygiene Random acts of Kindness Looking after pets Looking After our Planet Give children strategies for staying calm in the face of frustration. Talk them through why we take turns, wait politely, tidy up after ourselves and so on	CHANGING ME Taking part in sports day - Winning and loosing Changing me Look how far I've come! Model positive behaviour and highlight exemplary behaviour of children in class, narrating what was kind and considerate about the behaviour.	
LINK TO BEHAVIOUR FOR	Colour Monster Perfectly Norman In My Heart All are welcome here	Meesha Makes Friends Barry the Fish It's OK to be different	Here we are Julian's Mermaid Mae among the stars Because	Grumpy Frog Ish The Suitcase Pink is for Boys Paper Dolls	Oliver's Vegetables Piegeon series I love Tomatio Ketchup Peas!	Shine My Monster and me When I grow up My brilliant body	
JIGSAW	accordingly. Set and work towards immediate impulses when appropriately even when engaged ideas or actions. Controlling own feelings an	egies to return to a state of calm e behaviours on a task ctions	what they want and control their at the teacher says , responding low instructions involving several	"Self-regulatory skills can be defined as the ability of children to manage their own behaviour and aspects of their learning. In the early years, efforts to develop self-regulation often seek to improve levels of self-control and reduce impulsivity. Activities typically include supporting children in articulating their plans and learning strategies and reviewing what they have done." Education Endowment Foundation.			
 Thinking before acting Delaying gratification Persisting in the face of difficulty. 				We understand that children develop in individual ways and at varying rates — physically, cognitively, linguistically, socially and emotionally.			



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	WEDIRY O	ξ''	NELEPTION I	AN 22-23			
RI	MARY	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
	GENERAL THEMES	ONCE UPON A TIME	INTO THE WOODS!	ALL AROUND THE WORLD!	OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!	GROWING AND CHANGING!	I CAN TELL A STORY
	Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy , healthy and active lives . Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally the early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength , co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play rewith both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength , stab balance , spatial awareness , co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor coprecision helps with hand-eye co-ordination , which is later linked to early literacy . Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency , control and confidence .						crawling and play movement ore strength, stability, eing. Fine motor control and
	Continuously check the process of children's handwriting (pencil grip and letter formation, including directionality). Provide extra help and guidance when needed.	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills Draw lines and circles using gross motor movements Hold pencil/paint brush beyond whole hand grasp Pencil Grip Dough Disco WRITE DANCE	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show preference for dominant hand Engage children in structured activities: guide them in what to draw, write or copy. Teach and model correct letter formation. Dough Disco WRITE DANCE	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Begin to form letters correctly Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control Encourage children to draw freely. Holding Small Items / Button Clothing / Cutting with Scissors Dough Disco WRTE DANCE	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grip Forms recognisable letters most correctly formed Dough Disco WRITE DANCE 2	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually Use one hand consistently for fine motor tasks Cut along a straight line with scissors / Start to cut along a curved line, like a circle / Draw a cross WRITE DANCE 2	Threading, cutting, weaving, playdough, Fine Motor activities. Form letters correctly Copy a square Begin to draw diagonal lines, like in a triangle / Start to colour inside the lines of a picture Start to draw pictures that are recognisable / Build things with smaller linking blocks, such as Duplo or Lego

DAILY OPPORTUNITIES FOR FINE MOTOR ACTIVITIES

> (ROSS)MOTOR

WEEKLY PE LESSON WRITE DANCE

BEAM / Gymnastics

Climbing - outdoor equipment Different ways of moving to be explored with children Changing for PE / Help individual children to develop good personal hygiene. Acknowledge and praise their efforts. Provide regular reminders about thorough handwashing and toileting. Balanceability

Two-wheeled balance bikes

Gymnastics

Crates play- climbing. Skipping ropes in outside area dance related activities Provide a range of wheeled resources for children to balance, sit or ride on, or pull and push. Two-wheeled balance bikes skateboards, wheelbarrows, prams and carts are all good options

Balance- children moving with confidence

dance related activities Ensure that spaces are accessible to children with varying confidence levels, skills and needs. Provide a wide range of activities to support a broad range of abilities.

Dance / moving to music Gymnastics ./ Balance

Ball skills- throwing and catching Ball skills- aiming, dribbling, pushing, throwing & catching, dance related activities Provide opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce.

Use picture books and other resources to explain the importance of the different aspects of a healthy lifestyle. Races / team games involving gross motor movements Obstacle activities

children moving over, under, through and around equipment Encourage children to be highly active and get out of breath several times every day. Provide

Dance / moving to music

opportunities for children to, spin, rock, tilt, fall, slide and bounce.

WRITE DANCE 2

Balanceability Two-wheeled balance bikes and pedal bikes without stabilisers, dance related activities Allow less competent and confident children to spend time initially observing and listening, without feeling pressured to join

Gymnastics ./ Balance

From Development Matters 20':

Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: - rolling - crawling - walking - jumping - running - hopping - skipping - climbing Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.

Develop the overall body strength, co-ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Suggested tools: pencils for drawing and writing, paintbrushes, scissors, knives, forks and spoons. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor.

Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall body-strength, balance, co-ordination and agility. Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming, Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball,



WATERINGBURY						
PRIMARI	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	ONCE UPON A TIME	INTO THE WOODS!	ALL AROUND THE WORLD!	OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!	GROWING AND CHANGING!	I CAN TELL A STORY!
LITERACY	only develops when adults talk with	children about the world around them a	and the books (stories and non-fiction) t	hey read with them, and enjoy rhymes, iamiliar printed words. Writing involves	comprehension (necessary for both read poems and songs together. Skilled word transcription (spelling and handwriting	d reading, taught later, involves both
COMPREHENSION - DEVELOPING A PASSION FOR READING Children will visit the school library weekly WORD	Joining in with rhymes and showing an interest in stories with repeated refrains. Environment print. Having a favourite story/rhyme. Understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning - print can have different purposes - we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom - the names of the different parts of a book Sequencing familiar stories through the use of pictures to tell the story. Recognising initial sounds. Name writing activities. Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Retell stories related to events through acting/role play. Christmas letters/lists. Retelling stories using images / apps. to retell the story – Story Maps. Tales Toolkit (Character, Setting, Problem, Solution) Retelling of stories Non-Fiction Focus Sequence story – use vocabulary of beginning, middle and end. Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter– sound correspondences. Enjoys an increasing range of books	Making up stories with themselves as the main character – Using Tales Toolkit strategy. Encourage children to record stories through picture drawing/mark making for LAs. Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter–sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words. Read a few common exception words matched to RWI. Make the books available for children to share at school and at home. Avoid asking children to read books at home they cannot yet read	Information leaflets about animals in the garden/plants and growing. Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment. World Book Day Uses vocabulary and forms of speech that are increasingly influenced by their experiences of books. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events	Stories from other cultures and traditions Retell a story with actions and / or picture prompts as part of a group - Use story language when acting out a narrative. Rhyming words. Parents reading stories Can explain the main events of a story - Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story. May include labels, sentences or captions.	Can draw pictures of characters/ event / setting in a story Listen to stories, accurately anticipating key events & respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions and reactions. Make predictions Beginning to understand that a non-fiction is a non-story- it gives information instead. Fiction means story Can point to front cover, back cover, spine, blurb, illustration, illustrator, author and title. Sort books into categories.
READING Floppy Phonics	Phonemic Awareness Phonic Sounds: satpinmd Reading: Initial sounds, oral blending, CVC sounds, reciting know stories, listening to stories with attention and recall. Help children to read the sounds speedily. This will make sound- blending easier Listen to children read aloud, ensuring books are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge Introduce sounding out hands	Phonic Sounds: gock ck eurhofff Reading: Blending CVC sounds, rhyming, alliteration, knows that print is read from left to right. Spotting diagraphs in words. Show children how to touch each finger as they say each sound. For exception words such as 'the' and 'said', help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. heart words: I, the, to, no, go, into	Phonic Sounds: L LL Le ธธ เมาพหนุน นน ฉน Reading: Rhyming strings, common theme in traditional tales, identifying characters and settings. Heart Words: he, she, we, be, me	Phonic Sounds: ch sh th ng dge Ne wh cks tch nk Reading: Story structure-beginning, middle, end. Innovating and retelling stories to an audience, non-fiction books. Help children to become familiar with digraphs. Provide opportunities for children to read words containing familiar letter groups: 'that', 'shop', 'chin', 'feet', 'storm', 'night'. Listen to children read some longer words . Heart Words: was, you, they, all,	Phonic Sounds: ai ee igh sa so so ar or ur Reading: Non-fiction texts, Internal blending, Naming letters of the alphabet. Distinguishing capital letters and lower case letters. Children should not be required to use other strategies to work out words. Heart Words: said, have, like, so, do, some, come	Reading: Reading simple sentences with fluency. Reading CVCC and CCVC words confidently. Heart Words: Review all End of term assessments Transition work with Year 1 staff
				are, my, her		

We will provide experiences which build on children's existing knowledge and understanding in order to challenge, stimulate and extend their learning and development



PRIMARIS	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	Once Upon a Time	INTO THE WOODS!	ALL AROUND THE WORLDS!	OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!	GROWING AND CHANGING!	I CAN TELL A STORY!
WRITING	Texts as a Stimulus: Nursery Rhymes 3 Little Pigs The Gingerbread Man Little Red Riding Hood Make marks Label characters	Texts as a Stimulus: The Gruffalo (Journey story) Sequence the story Speech bubbles Owl Babies (Drama and	Texts as a Stimulus: Dear Zoo CVC words / simple sentence writing using high frequency words Snail and The Whale: Labels and simple	Texts as a Stimulus: We're Going on a Bear Hunt- retell parts of the story / repeated refrains / speech bubbles Whatever Next!-	Texts as a Stimulus: Minibeast Fact Files Oi Frog – Rhyming pairs Very Hungry Caterpillar: Retell the story in own words	Texts as a Stimulus: Petra It's Not a Stick Chalk Writing from picture stimulus Write an autobiography
TEXTS MAY CHANGE DUE TO CHILDREN'S	Create a wanted poster to catch the wolf	Story Plans)	captions Handa's Surprise Report	Character Descriptions How to Catch a Star -	The Bee and Me: Write own version	Information Text
Only ask children to write sentences when they have sufficient knowledge of lettersound correspondences.	Dominant hand, tripod grip, mark making, giving meaning to marks and labelling. Shopping lists, Writing initial sounds and simple captions. Use initial sounds to label characters / images. Silly soup. Names Labels. Captions Lists Diagrams Messages – Create a Message centre! We will encou	Name writing, labelling using initial sounds, story scribing. Retelling stories in writing area, instructions for porridge. Help children identify the sound that is tricky to spell. Sequence the story Write a simple statement	about the animals eating the food. Writing some of the tricky words such as I, me, to, the. Writing CVC words, Labels using CVC, CVCC, CCVC words. Guided writing based around developing short sentences in a meaningful context. Create a story board.	Instructions Creating own story maps, writing captions and labels, writing simple sentences. Writing short sentences to accompany story maps. Order the events in a story. Recount – A trip Character descriptions. Write a sentence beginning to use finger spaces.	Writing recipes, lists. Writing for a purpose in role play using phonetically plausible attempts at words, beginning to use finger spaces. Labels and captions – life cycles Form lower-case and capital letters correctly. Rhyming words. Write 2 sentences	Recount Story writing, writing sentences using a range of tricky words that are spelt correctly. Beginning to use full stops, capital letters and finger spaces. Innovation of familiar texts Using familiar texts as a model for writing own stories. Character description — Rainbow Fish Write three sentences mistakes.
DDOCDECCION	VVC VVIII CITCOU	rage ciliaren 3 macper	derice and decision in			inistancs.
PROGRESSION	SNOHOPPI	IWTN M (I went to ,				-flute Wit (at. Sagru her hame



GENERAL THEMES MATHS "Without	understanding of the numbers to manipulatives, including small important that the curriculum ir	10 , the relationships between ther pebbles and tens frames for organis cludes rich opportunities for childr	n and the patterns within those nur ing counting - children will develop en to develop their spatial reasoni	nbers. By providing frequent and va a secure base of knowledge and voo ng skills across all areas of mathema	GROWING AND CHANGING! Ily. Children should be able to count ried opportunities to build and apple tabulary from which mastery of mattics including shape, space and measured the state of the space and measured the state of the	y this understanding - such as using hematics is built. In addition, it is sures. It is important that children
mathematics, there's nothing you can do. Everything around you is mathematics. Everything around you is numbers." — Shakuntala Devi White Rose Maths Daily Session NUMBERBLOCKS	Just Like Me: - I can match and sort objects. - I can compare amounts. - I can compare mass, size and capacity I can explore simple repeating patterns. Counting rhymes and songs Classifying objects based on one attribute Matching equal and unequal sets Comparing objects and sets. Subatising. Ordering objects and sets / introduce manipulatives. Number recognition. 2D Shapes. Introduce Numberblock characters and stories	It's Me 1,2,3 Representing, comparing and composition of 1, 2, 3. Circles and Triangles Positional Language Subitising One Number each week. Light and Dark Count up to five objects. One more or one fewer Order numbers 1 –5 Conservation of numbers within five One more and one less Shapes with 4 sides Passing Time	Alive in 5 Introducing zero Comparison and composition of numbers to 5 Compare mass and capacity One more or fewer, one greater or less Growing 6,7,8 Introduce, compare and composition of 6, 7, 8 Making pairs Combining two groups Length and Height Describe and sort 2-D and 3-D shapes Days of the week Sequence daily events	Building 9 & 10 Introducing and composition of 9 and 10. Comparing numbers to 10. Number bonds within and to 10. SD Shape Exploring repeating patterns and number patterns. Consolidation	To 20 and Beyond - Building numbers beyond 10. - Counting patterns beyond 10. - Match, Rotate and Manipulate - Adding more - Taking away - Spatial reasoning (compose and decompose) First Then Now - Relationship between doubling and halving - Subitising - Number bonds to 10	Find my Pattern - Explore numbers and strategies - Recognise and extend patterns - Apply number, shape and measures knowledge - Count forwards and backwards - Sharing and Grouping amounts - Even and odd On the Move - One more one less - Estimate and count - Spatial (Visualise and build) - Deepening understanding - Patterns and relationships

		RECEPTION	I LONG TERM	PLAN 22-23		
PRIMARI	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2
GENERAL THEMES	ONCE UPON A TIME	INTO THE WOODS!	ALL AROUND THE WORLD!	OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!	GROWING AND CHANGING!	I CAN TELL A STORY!
UNDERSTANDING	them – from visiting parks, libraries a	nd museums to meeting important men	nbers of society such as police officers, ally diverse world. As well as building in	he frequency and range of children's per nurses and firefighters. In addition, liste mportant knowledge, this extends their fa ill support later reading comprehension.	ning to a broad selection of stories, non amiliarity with words that support unde	-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster
THE WORLD RE / FESTIVALS	Identifying their family. Commenting on photos of their family; naming who they can see and of what relation they are to them. Can talk about what they do with their family and places they have been with their family. Can draw similarities and make comparisons between other families. Name and describe people	Can talk about what they have done with their families during Christmas' in the past. Show photos of how Christmas used to be celebrated in the past. Stranger danger. Talking about occupations and how to identify strangers that can help them when	Discuss how they got to school and what mode of transport they used. Introduce the children to a range of transport and where they can be found. Look at the difference between our country and one other	Can children make comments on the weather, culture, clothing, housing. Change in living things – Changes in the leaves, weather, seasons, Provide opportunities for children to note and record the weather. Spring Walk	Explore a range of minibeasts. Learn their names and label their body parts. Minibeast hunt Pond Dipping Use images, video clips, shared texts and other resources to bring the wider world into the classroom.	Learn about the key features of a map. Think about how we can tell stories using simple maps. What does our local area look like? Introduce the children to areal views.
Our RE Curriculum enables children to develop a positive sense of themselves and others and learn how to form positive and respectful relationships. They will begin to understand and value the differences of individuals and groups within their own community.	who are familiar to them. Read fictional stories about families and start to tell the difference between real and fiction. Talk about members of their immediate family and community. Navigating around our classroom and outdoor areas. Create treasure hunts to find places/ objects within our learning environment. Share different cultures versions of famous fairy tales. Long ago – How time has changed. Using cameras.	they are in need. Can children talk about their homes and what there is to do near their homes? Environments – Features of local environment Maps of local area Comparing places on Google Earth – how are they similar/different Can talk about trees and plants that grow in their local environment. How do plants grow? Take children to places of worship	country. Encourage the children to make simple comparisons. Discuss how animals have adapted to live in difference climates. Introduce the children to the idea of climate (hot and cold) What can we do here to take care of animals in the jungle? Use bee-bots on simple maps. Encourage the children to use navigational language. Introduce the children to significant explorers and events	Encourage interactions with the outdoors to foster curiosity and give children freedom to touch, smell and hear the natural world around them during hands-on experiences. Use the cameras and Ipads Introduce the children to significant figures in history – Little People Big Dreams How have things changed over time. What changes can you see? Train ride How has transport changed over	Listen to what children say about what they see Listen to children describing and commenting on things they have seen whilst outside, including plants and animals. Building a 'Bug Hotel' Use the BeeBots Lifecycle of frogs, minibeasts and chicks. How do animals and humans grow and change?	Bee Bots – make and programme maps. How have we grown and changed? Introduce the children to autobiographies. What would you like to be when you grown up? Visit a synagogue – how is this place of worship different to our Church? Explore the world around us and see how it changes as we enter Summer.
Children will have opportunity to develop their emerging moral and cultural awareness. LINKS TO KS! HISTORY, GEOGRAPHY AND SCIENCE	To introduce children to a range of fictional characters and creatures from stories and to begin to differentiate these characters from real people in their lives. Describing key features of a plant. Introduce the children to the concept of a King and Queen Describe Castles as a setting	and places of local importance to the community. • Look for children incorporating their understanding of the seasons and weather in their play. • Autumn Walk • What are nocturnal and diurnal animals? • Walk around the local area – how	Can children differentiate between land and water. Experimenting with different materials and their properties. Materials: Floating / Sinking – boat building Metallic / non-metallic objects. Winter Walk Visit from the Animal Man	time? • What do you want to be when you grow up? Introduce the children to different career options. • Begin to understand that these events happened before they were born.	Ducklings visit Explore atlases and Google Maps. Compare different countries and their features. Begin to understand that these events happened before they were born. Samuel Pepys Show	Geography – Map Makers Science – Animals and Humans
	History – Kings and Queens Science - Plants Why is the CHURCH special to	has the are changed over time? History – Victorians Science - Plants Why do Christians perform Nativity	Geography – Africa Science - Materials Why is the word of God so	History – The Moon Landings Science – Materials Why do Christians put a cross in the	History – The Great fire of London Science – Animals and Humans What can we learn from the Old	What do Christians believe is
RE ROCHESTER DIOCESE	Christians? Rosh Hashanah Yom Kippur Sukkot All Saints Day	plays? Diwali Hannukah Christmas	important to Christians? Epiphany Ash Wednesday / Shrove Tuesday St David's Day Shivaratri	Holi Palm Sunday Passover Easter Start of Ramadan	Testament stories? Eid Shavuot	special about Jesus and the message he brings?



SUMMER 1

GENERAL THEMES

ONCE UPON A TIME

I CAN TELL A STORY!

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESIGN

Painting, 3D modelling, messy play, collage, cutting, drama, role play, threading, moving to music, clay sculptures, following music patterns with instruments, singing songs linked to topics, making instruments, percussion.

Children to produce a piece of art work each half term to be displayed for 'Celebration wall' for school / parents to show how drawings have developed - lots of links to Fine Motor Skills. Children to explain their work to others. Children will have opportunities to learn and perform songs, nursery rhymes and poetry linked to their work / interests and passions.

INTO THE WOODS!

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

OFF ON AN ADVENTURE!

GROWING AND CHANGING!

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe. Give children an insight into new musical worlds. Invite musicians in to play music to children and talk about it. Encourage children to listen attentively to music. Discuss changes and patterns as a piece of music develops.

Join in with songs; beginning to mix colours, join in with role play games and use resources available for props; build models using construction equipment. Sing call-and-response songs, so that children can echo phrases of songs you sing.

Self-portraits, junk modelling, take picture of children's creations and record them explaining what they did.

Julia Donaldson songs Exploring sounds and how they can be changed, tapping out of simple rhythms.

Use different textures and materials to make houses for the three little pigs and bridges for the Three Billy Goats

ART- The Use of Colour Music - Charanga

Listen to music and make their own dances in response. (Ballet - Snow Queen and Nutcracker)

Firework pictures, Christmas decorations, Christmas cards, Divas, Christmas songs/poems

The use of story maps. props, puppets & story bags will encourage children to retell, invent and adapt stories.

Role Play Party's and Celebrations Role Play of The Nativity

Nature Art - Forest School

ART - Landscapes

Music - Charanga

Exploration of other countries - dressing up in different costumes.

Retelling familiar stories Rousseau's Tiger / animal prints / Designing homes for hibernating animals.

Learn a traditional African song and dance and perform it / Encourage children to create their own music.

Making lanterns, Chinese writing, puppet making, Chinese music and composition

Sewing skills - children taught running stitch

Looking at patterns in nature - independently recreating what they can see.

ART- African Art Music - Charanga Make different textures; make patterns using different colours

Junk modelling, houses, bridges boats and transport

Mother's Day crafts Easter crafts Home Corner role play

Provide opportunities to work together to develop and realise creative ideas. Superhero masks.

Creating different transport models.

Provide children with a range of materials for children to construct with.

Design and make rockets. Design and make objects they may need in space, thinking about form and function..

ART - Space Art Music - Charanga Junk Modelling Tudor **Houses and Sketching** London Skyline

Printing using materials in the classroom.

Still Life and observational drawings of flowers – what can you see in the garden? Van Gogh inspiration.

Creating independent representations of the ducklings and butterflies using paint, junk modelling, fabric etc.

Collage owls / symmetrical butterflies /Collage-farm animals / Making houses. Pastel drawings, printing, patterns on Easter eggs, Life cycles, Flowers-Sun flowers

ART – Artist Study Music - Charanga

Shadow Puppets Teach children different techniques for joining materials, such as how to use adhesive tape and different sorts of glue.

Puppet shows: Provide a wide range of props for play which encourage imagination.

Rock/pebble painting

Water pictures, collage, shading by adding black or white, colour mixing for beach huts, making passports.

Colour mixing

Father's Day Crafts

ART - Printing Music - Charanga



EARLY LEARNING GOALS - FOR THE END OF THE YEAR - HOLISTIC / BEST FIT JUDGEMENT!

COMMUNICATION AND LANGUAGE

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions. comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions

Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding

Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers

ELG: Speaking

Participate in small group, class and oneto-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.

Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, nonfiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.

Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences. including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher

PERSONAL, SOCIAL. EMOTIONAL DEVELOPMENT

ELG: Self-Regulation

feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly.

being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate.

teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge.

right from wrong and try to behave accordingly.

Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others.

Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers:.

others' needs.

PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT

LITERACY

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ELG: Number

Have a deep understanding of

number to 10, including the

composition of each number;

Subitise (recognise quantities

without counting) up to 5: -

Automatically recall (without

reference to rhymes, counting or

other aids) number bonds up to 5

(including subtraction facts) and

some number bonds to 10,

including double facts.

FLG: Numerical Patterns

Verbally count beyond 20.

recognising the pattern of the

UNDERSTANDING THE WORLD

EXPRESSIVE ARTS AND DESTGN

their roles in society.

Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, nonfiction texts and maps.

different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts and – when appropriate - maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Understand some important processes and changes in and changing states of matter.

ELG: Past and Present

Talk about the lives of the people around them and

Describe their immediate environment using

Know some similarities and differences between

Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and

the natural world around them, including the seasons

ELG: Creating with Materials

Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.

Share their creations, explaining the process they have used; -Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher.

Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs; Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and when appropriate – try to move in time with music.

Show an understanding of their own

Set and work towards simple goals.

Give focused attention to what the

Explain the reasons for rules, know

Show sensitivity to their own and to

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others

Demonstrate strength. balance and coordination when playing.

Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing - using the tripod grip in almost all cases.

Use a range of small tools. including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery.

Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

and poems and during role-play. ELG: Word Reading

ELG: Comprehension

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read

to them by retelling stories and narratives using their

own words and recently introduced vocabulary.

Anticipate – where appropriate – key events in

stories.

Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary

during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes

Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.

Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending.

Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG: Writing

Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed.

Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters.

Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

counting system: - Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity

Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10. including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.